## Controller

## EZS and EZC Series

## Specifications

- Controller Mode

| Item | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | Stored-data type |
| Number of Control Axes | 1 axis |
| Maximum Speed | $300.000 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Number of Motion Profiles | 63 |
| Positioning Mode | Absolute mode (absolute-position specification) Incremental mode (relative-position specification) |
| Motion Profile Setting Method | Data is set using the teaching pendant (EZT1) or data editing software (EZED1). |
| Data Execution Mode | Selective execution / Sequential execution |
| Travel Amount Setting Range | Absolute mode: <br> -9999.990 to +9999.990 mm (value set in units of 0.015 mm ) <br> Incremental mode: <br> -9999.990 to +9999.990 mm (value set in units of 0.015 mm ) |
| Starting Speed | 0.015 to $250.000 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ (value set in units of $0.015 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) <br> *Data can be set using the teaching pendant or data editing software. |
| Operating Speed | 0.015 to $300.000 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ (value set in units of $0.015 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) <br> *Data can be set using the teaching pendant or data editing software. |
| Acceleration/Deceleration | 0.015 to $150.000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (value set in units of $0.015 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ ) *Data can be set using the teaching pendant or data editing software. |
| Control Mode | External input mode (EXT) Program mode (PRG) <br> Parameter mode (PAR) Test mode (TST) |
| Operation Mode | Positioning operation Return-to-home operation <br> Linked operation (a max of 63 profiles) Push-motion operation |
| Input Signal | 24 VDC photocoupler isolated input Input resistance $4.7 \Omega$ |
| Output Signal | Photocoupler-connected transistor output $24 \mathrm{VDC}, 25 \mathrm{~mA}$ or less |
| Power Supply Input | 24 VDC $\pm 10 \% \quad 4.0 \mathrm{~A}$ (Controller only: 3.5 A ) <br> *Take into account safety margin of +0.2 A for the teaching pendant, and/or +0.3 A for the electromagnetic brake type. |
| Program Backup | EEPROM |

## ODriver Mode

| Item | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Response Frequency | 20 kHz (Pulse Duty 50\%) |
| Pulse-Input Mode mode | Switchable between 1-pulse input mode and 2-pulse input mode (switching via DIP switches on front panel) |
| Input Signal | 5 VDC photocoupler isolated input, input resistance $220 \Omega$ negative logic pulse input (CW Pulse, CCW Pulse) <br> 24 VDC photocoupler isolated input, input resistance $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (ACL, RUNO~RUN2, STOPO~STOP2, C.OFF) |
| -CW Pulse Signal <br> -CCW Pulse Signal | Pulse width $2 \mu$ or more, rise/fall time $2 \mu$ S or less (The operation command pulse is input in the 1 -pulse input mode.) Pulse width $2 \mu$ s or more, rise/fall time $2 \mu \mathrm{~S}$ or less (The direction of movement is input in the 1 -pulse input mode.) |
| Output Signal | Photocoupler-connected transistor output (The TIM signal uses a photocoupler output.) $24 \mathrm{VDC}, 25 \mathrm{~mA}$ or less |
| Power Supply Input | $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \% \quad 4.0 \mathrm{~A}$ (Controller only: 3.5 A ) <br> *Take into account safety margin of +0.2 A for the teaching pendant, and/or +0.3 A for the electromagnetic brake type. |

## -General Specifications

| Item | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum when measured by a 500 V DC megger between the following places; <br> -Protective earth terminal - Power input terminal <br> - Protective earth terminal - Signal input terminal |
| Dielectric Strength | Sufficient to withstand the following for one minute; <br> $\bullet$ Protective earth terminal - Power input terminal AC $0.5 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{50Hz}$ <br> - Protective earth terminal - Signal input terminal AC $0.5 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{50Hz}$ |
| Ambient Temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (nonfreezing) |
| Ambient Humidity | 85\% or below (noncondensing) |

Battery Specifications (for the absolute type only)

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Battery Type | Cylindrical sealed nickel-cadmium storage cell |
| Nominal Voltage | 1.2 V |
| Rated Capacity | 10000 mAh |
| Mass | 430 g |
| Life | Approx. 4 years *1 |
| Charge Time | 48 hours *1 |
| Data Retention Period *1 *2 | Standard backup: Approx. 96 hours <br> Optional backup: Approx. 70 hours |
| Ambient Temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (nonfreezing) |
| Ambient Humidity | 20 to $85 \%$ (noncondensing) |
| *1 At an ambient temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> *2 After the power is cut off with the battery fully charged |  |

Dimensions unit: mm
Mass: 0.43 kg

-Accessories (common to incremental and absolute type) I/O Connector Case (1 Piece) 54331-1361 (MOLEX) I/O Connector (1 Piece) 54306-3619 (MOLEX)

Power Supply Cable (1 Piece) 600 mm

| Name | Conductor |
| :---: | :---: |
| +24 V | AWG20 |
| GND | AWG20 |
| FG | AWG18 |

Battery (Supplied with absolute type models. Battery holder provided.)


Names and Functions of Parts


1 Axis-Number Setting Switch

| Display |  | Function |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| ID | Set controller axis number |  |

2 Operation-Mode Select Switch

| Display |  | Function | ON OFF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Invalid (not used) |  | 1  <br> 2 $\square$ <br> 3 $\square$ <br> 4 $\square$ |
| 2 |  |  |  |
| 3 | Set Pulse Input Mode (in driver mode) ON: 1-Pulse Input Mode OFF: 2-Pulse Input Mode |  |  |
| 4 | Operation Modes <br> ON: Driver Mode OFF: Controller Mode |  | * The area in white indicates the switch position. |
| * All switches are factory-set to "OFF". |  |  |  |
| LED Indicator |  |  |  |
| Display | Color | Name |  |
| PWR | Green | Power ON Indicator |  |
| RDY/ALM | Green/Red | Status Indicator |  |


| 4 | Electromagnetic Brake Forced-Release Swit |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Display | Function |  |
| MB | Switch electromagnetic brake operation modes <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |

Note: This switch becomes effective only when a protective function is actuated.

5 Teaching Pendant Mode ON/OFF Switch

| Display | Function |
| :---: | :--- |
| PENDANT | Set whether or not the teaching pendant is used <br> ON: Teaching pendant used <br> OFF: Teaching pendant not used |

6 I/O Signals

- Controller Mode

-Driver Mode



## Controller

## EZHS, EZHC and EZHP Series

## Specifications

Controller Mode

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | Stored-data type |
| Number of Control Axes | 1 axis |
| Maximum Speed | EZHS Series : $800.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ <br> EZHC Series : $600.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ <br> EZHP Series : 300.00mm/s |
| Number of Motion Profiles | 63 |
| Positioning <br> Mode | Absolute mode (absolute-position specification) <br> Incremental mode (Relative-position specification) |
| Motion Profile Setting Method | Data is set using the teaching pendant (EZT1). |
| Data Execution Modes | Selective execution / Sequential execution |


| Driver Mode |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item | Specification |
| Maximum Response Frequency | 80 kHz (Pulse Duty 50\%) |


| General Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Item | Specification |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum when measured by a 500 V DC megger between the following terminals; <br> - Signal I/O, Control Power supply, PE - Main Power Supply <br> - Signal I/0, Control Power supply, PE - Motor output <br> - Signal I/O, Control Power supply, PE - Battery input |
| Dielectric Strength | Sufficient to withstand the following terminals for one minute; <br> -Signal I/0, Control Power supply - Main Power Supply 1.8 kV <br> - Signal I/O, Control Power supply - Motor output 1.8 kV <br> - Signal I/O, Control Power supply - Battery input 1.8 kV <br> $\bullet$ PE - Main Power Supply 1.5kV <br> $\bullet$ PE - Motor output 1.5 kV <br> $\bullet$ PE - Battery input $\quad 1.5 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| Ambient Temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (nonfreezing) |
| Ambient Humidity | 85\% or below (noncondensing) |

Battery Specifications (for the absolute type only)

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Battery Type | Cylindrical sealed nickel-cadmium storage cell |
| Nominal Voltage | 2.4 V |
| Rated Capacity | 2000 mAh |
| Mass | 180 g |
| Life | Approx. 4 years ${ }^{* 1}$ |
| Charge Time | 48 hours ${ }^{* 1}$ |
| Data Retention Period | Approx. 360 hours (15days) ${ }^{\star 1 \star 2}$ |
| Ambient Temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (nonfreezing) |
| Ambient Humidity | 20 to $85 \%$ (noncondensing) |

${ }^{* 1} \mathrm{At}$ an ambient temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
*2 After the power is cut off with the battery fully charged

Dimensions unit: mm
Mass: 0.8kg


Accessories (common to incremental and absolute type) Mounting Bracket (2 pieces)


| I/O Connector case (1 piece) | $54331-1361$ (MOLEX) |
| :--- | :--- |
| I/O Connector (1 piece) | $54306-3619$ (MOLEX) |
| I/O Connector case for Sensor (1 piece) | $54331-1201$ (MOLEX) |
| I/O Connector for Sensor (1 piece) | $54306-2019$ (MOLEX) |

Battery (Supplied with absolute type models. Battery holder provided.)


Names and Functions of Parts


1 Axis-Number Setting Switch

| Display |  | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ID | Set controller axis number |  |

2 Operation-Mode Select Switch

| Display | Function | OFF ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Invalid (not used) | 4 ㅁ |
| 3 | - |  |
| 2 | Set Pulse Input Mode (in driver mode) ON: 1-Pulse Input Mode OFF: 2-Pulse Input Mode | 1 <br> The area in |
| 1 | Operation Modes <br> ON: Driver Mode OFF: Controller Mode | white indicates the switch position. |

* All switches are factory-set to "OFF".

3 LED Indicator

| Display | Color | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| OPERATION | Green | Control power supply indicator |
| ALARM | Red | Alarm indicator |


| Display | I/0 | Terminal Number\| | Terminal Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SENSOR | Output | 1 | P24 | Power supply for sensor +24 V |
|  |  | 11 |  |  |
|  |  | 19 |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | N24 | Power supply for sensor GND |
|  |  | 12 |  |  |
|  |  | 20 |  |  |
|  | Input | 13 | +LS | +LS (counter-motor side) limit sensor |
|  |  | 14 | -LS | -LS (Motor side) limit sensor |
|  |  | 15 | HOMELS | Home position sensor |

5 I/O Connector

- Controller Mode

| Display | //0 | Terminal Number | Terminal Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input Signal | 18 | P24 | Power supply for $1 / 0$ signal +24 V |
|  |  | 19 | N24 | Power supply for I/O signal GND |
|  |  | 19 | N24 | Power supply for I/O signal GND |
| 1/0 | Output Signal | 2 | ALM | Turns ON when the controller has generated an alarm. |
|  |  | 3 | MOVE | Turns ON during operation. |
|  |  | 4 | END/OUTR | END: Turns ON when the operation has ended. OUTR:Turns ON when current position output is ready. |
|  |  | 5 | AREA/OUTO | AREA: Turns ON when the work has moved to a position inside the specified range or while passing the specified range. OUTO: Outputs the current position. |
|  |  | 6 | T-UP/OUT1 | T-UP: Turns ON during push-motion operation. (cylinder only) OUT1: Outputs the current position. |
|  |  | 20 | ASG1(oc) | Outputs the position of the linear slide table or cylinder rod via pulse signal.(Open-collector output) |
|  |  | 21 | BSG1(0c) |  |
|  |  | 22 | ASG2(dif) | Outputs the position of the linear slide table or cylinder rod via pulse signal.(Line-driver output) |
|  |  | 23 | $\overline{\text { ASG2 }}$ (dif) |  |
|  |  | 24 | BSG2 (dif) |  |
|  |  | 25 | BSG2(dif) |  |
|  | Input Signal | 7 | START | Start positioning operation. |
|  |  | 8 | ACL/CK | ACL: Clear the alarm currently present. <br> CK: Used when the current position is output. |
|  |  | 9 | FREE | Stop motor excitation and release the electromagnetic brake. |
|  |  | 10 | STOP | Stop the operation. |
|  |  | 11 | M0 | Positioning point is selected via combination of MO to M5 input signals. <br> (When all signals are OFF, sequential positioning is performed.) |
|  |  | 12 | M1 |  |
|  |  | 13 | M2 |  |
|  |  | 14 | M3 |  |
|  |  | 15 | M4 |  |
|  |  | 16 | M5 |  |
|  |  | 17 | $\begin{gathered} \text { HOME/ } \\ \text { PRESET* } \end{gathered}$ | HOME: Perform return-to-home operation. PRESET:Preset the current position. |
|  |  | 30 | REQ | Request current position output. |
|  |  | 31 | FWD+ | Move the linear slide table or cylinder rod to the away from the motor. (Continuous operation input) |
|  |  | 32 | $\xrightarrow{\text { FWD- }}$ |  |
|  |  | 33 | P24-FWD |  |
|  |  | 34 | RVS+ | Move the linear slide table or cylinder rod toward the motor. (Continuous operation input) |
|  |  | 35 | $\stackrel{\text { RVS- }}{\text { P24-RVS }}$ |  |

## -Driver Mode

| Display | I/0 | Terminal Number | Terminal Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input Signal | 18 | P24 | Power supply for $1 / 0$ signal +24 V |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | 19 | N24 | Power supply for I/O signal GND |
|  | Output Signal | 2 | ALM | Turns ON when the controller has generated an alarm. |
|  |  | 4 | END/OUTR | END: Turns ON when the operation has ended. OUTR:Turns ON when current position output is ready. |
|  |  | 5 | TIM/OUTO | TIM: The signal is output every time the excitation sequence returns to the initial stage " 0 ". This signal is output in sync with the input pulse: the signal is output once whenever the excitation sequence returns to step 0 . <br> (The excitation sequence completes when the linear slide table or cylinder rod has moved by $0.24 \mathrm{~mm}^{*}$.) <br> * EZHP4/EZHP6: 0.12 mm <br> OUTO: Outputs the current position. |
|  |  | 6 | OUT1 | Outputs the current position |
|  |  | 20 | ASG1(oc) | Outputs the position of the linear slide table or |
|  |  | 21 | BSG1(0c) | cylinder rod via pulse signal.(Open-collector output) |
|  |  | 22 | ASG2(dif) |  |
|  |  | 23 | $\overline{\text { ASG2 }}$ (dif) | Outputs the position of the linear slide table or |
|  |  | 24 | BSG2 (dif) | cylinder rod via pulse signal.(Line-driver output) |
|  |  | 25 | $\overline{\text { BSG2 (dif) }}$ |  |
| 1/0 | Input Signal | 8 | ACL/CK | ACL: Clear the alarm currently present. CK: Used when the current position is output. |
|  |  | 9 | FREE | Stop motor excitation and release the electromagnetic brake. |
|  |  | 10 | C.OFF | When this signal turns ON, the current flow to the motor is cut off and the holding-brake force, which is generated by motor torque, will be lost. Turning this signal from ON to OFF does not change the motor's excitation sequence. |
|  |  | 17 | PRESET | Preset the current position. |
|  |  | 30 | REQ | Request current position output. |
|  |  | 31 | FP+ | Move the linear slide table or cylinder rod away from the motor. (Pulse input) |
|  |  | 32 33 | FP- P24-FP |  |
|  |  | 34 | RP+ | Move the linear slide table or cylinder rod toward the motor.(Pulse input) |
|  |  | 35 | RP- |  |

## Connection Diagrams

## EZS Series • EZC Series

## Connection Diagram



## Power Source

Use a 24 VDC power source with a capacity of 4.0 A or more.
If the power capacity is insufficient, motor output may drop, which may cause the linear slide/cylinder to malfunction (due to lack of thrust force).

## -Power Supply to +COM

Use a power source with a capacity of 24 VDC, 100 mA or more.

## -Connection of Output Signal

$\mathrm{V}_{0}$ must be between 5 and 24 VDC .
The current must be 25 mA or less. If the current exceeds 25 mA , connect an external resistance $\mathrm{R}_{0}$.

## ONotes on Wiring

- Be sure to use an optional motor cable and encoder cable if the linear slide/cylinder will be placed 0.25 m or further away from the controller.
- Wire the control I/O signal lines over as short a distance as possible(max.2m), using a multiple-core, twisted-pair blanket shield cable [0.08 mm² (AWG 28) or more].
- Wire the control I/O signal lines by providing a minimum distance of 30 cm from the power lines (large-current circuits such as the power supply line and motor line). Do not wire the control I/O signal lines with the power lines in the same duct or bundle them together.

Input Circuit


## Output Circuit



## Connection to Host Computer

 Controller Mode

## -Driver Mode



## Wiring the Sensors


-The 24 VDC output from the controller is used to drive the sensors.
Do not use it as a power supply for any item other than the sensors.
Connect the pink lead to the brown lead when the sensor logic is N.C. (normally closed). The pink lead is not connected when the sensor logic is N.O. (normally open).

## Wiring the Sensors


-V1 must be between 5 VDC and 24 VDC. The current must be 100 mA or less. If the current exceeds 100 mA , connect an external resistance R .
Connect the pink lead to the brown lead when the sensor logic is N.C.(normally closed). The pink lead is not connected when the sensor logic is N.O. (normally open).

## Connection Diagrams

## EZHS Series•EZHC Series•EZHP Series

Connection Diagram


For the section indicated by broken line, see following "Connection Example of Power System and Emergency Stop System".

## Connection Example of Power System and Emergency Stop System

A connection example of controller power system and emergency stop system is given below, which conforms to Stop Category 0 under the EN 60204-1 safety standard. See page 15 for details on the applicable standard.


- FU1: Ground-fault protection fuse (500 mA)
- FU2: Ground-fault protection fuse ( 1 A )
- FU1, FU2, KA1 and SB2 should use EN-certified products
- Relay (KA1) ratings: $24 \mathrm{VDC} / 30 \mathrm{~mA}$
- See "EZHS/EZHC/EZHP Series Controller User Manual" for examples of connecting multiple controllers using controller link cables
*:--..-..........: Provide ground-fault protection in the section indicated by broken line, such as wiring the cables in duct.


## Power Source

Two types of power source, main power and control power, are required. Both power sources must at least have the specified capacity. (See the controller specifications listed on page 54.)

If the power capacity is insufficient, the linear slide/cylinder may not operate normally (due to lack of thrust force) as a result of a drop in motor output.

## ONotes on Wiring

- Wire the control I/O signal lines over as short a distance as possible(max. 2 m ), using a multiple-core, twisted-pair blanket shield cable [0.08 mm² (AWG 28) or more].
- Be sure to use an optional motor cable and actuator communication cable if the linear slide/cylinder will be placed 0.25 m or further away from the controller.
- Wire the control I/O signal lines by providing a minimum distance of 30 cm from the power lines (large-current circuits such as the power supply line and motor line). Do not wire the control I/O signal lines with the power lines in the same duct or bundle them together.


## Olnput Circuit 1 Connection

The power source for P24 must have a capacity of 24 VDC/200 mA or more.
When connecting each sensor to a sensor connector and supplying sensor power from the P24 terminal of the sensor connector, use a DC power source capable of supplying 200 mA as specified above plus the current consumed by each sensor. (When the optional sensor set PAEZ-S is used, the current capacity must be increased by 35 mA per sensor.)
The 24 VDC supplied to the P24 terminal of the I/O connector is output to the P24 terminal of the sensor connector as pass-through output.

## -lnput Circuit 2 Connection

The photocoupler diode in the input circuit can receive 7 to 20 mA of current.

- When a 24 VDC power source is used, connect 24 VDC to 33 and 36 and then connect to 32 and 35 , respectively.
- When a 5 VDC power source is used, connect 5 VDC to 31 and 34 and then connect to 32 and 35 , respectively. If the power source exceeds 5 VDC , connect an external resistor $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ to keep the input current between 7 to 20 mA .
- If a pulse oscillator of line-driver output is used, connect the + side of line-driver output to 83 and 34 , and the side of line-driver output to 32 and (35), respectively. (See the connection diagram on page 61.)


## OOutput Circuit 1 Connection

The load connected to the open-collector output terminal of output circuit 1 should be $30 \mathrm{VDC}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ or less. If the current capacity of the load exceeds 10 mA , connect an external resistor $\mathrm{R}_{0}$.

## OOutput Circuit 2 Connection

The load connected to the open-collector output terminal of output circuit 2 should be $30 \mathrm{VDC} / 15 \mathrm{~mA}$ or less. If the current capacity of the load exceeds 15 mA , connect an external resistor $\mathrm{R}_{1}$.

* See page 60 and page 61 for the connection positions of external resistors.


## Input Circuit




## Output Circuit



- Common to Controller Model and Driver Mode Pin No.
20 ASG1 A-Phase Pulse Output (Open-Collector Output)
(21) BSG1 B-Phase Pulse Output (Open-Collector Output)
(22) ASG2+ A-Phase Pulse Output (Line Driver Output +)
(23 ASG2- A-Phase Pulse Output (Line Driver Output -)
23
ASG2- A-Phase Pulse Output (Line Driver Output -
(24)
BSG2+
(25) BSG2- B-Phase Pulse Output (Line Driver Output-)


## EZHS Series•EZHC Series•EZHP Series

## Connection to Host Computer

- Controller Mode

$*$ See page 59 for the conditions of external resistors $\mathrm{R}_{0}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{1}$.


## Wiring the Sensors



The 24 VDC output from the controller is used to drive the sensors
Do not use it as a power supply for any item other than the sensors.
-Connect the pink lead to the brown lead when the sensor logic is N.C. (normally closed).
The pink lead is not connected when the sensor logic is N.O. (normally open).

- Driver Mode

* See page 59 for the conditions of external resistors $\mathrm{R}_{0}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{1}$.


OV1 must be between 5 VDC and 24 VDC. The current must be 100 mA or less. If the current exceeds 100 mA , connect an external resistance R .

- Connect the pink lead to the brown lead when the sensor logic is N.C.(normally closed). The pink lead is not connected when the sensor logic is N.O. (normally open).

FWD (FP), RVS (RP) Signals
When connected to a 5 VDC open-collector output signal


- When the output signal is 5 VDC , the external resistor $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ is not required. If the output signal exceed 5 VDC , see page 59.

When connected to a 24 VDC open-collector output signal


When connected to a line-driver output


